A crisis in physics? LHC results so far do not confirm the dominant theoretical paradigm about the origin of the weak scale

Is Nature Natural?
— A modified naturalness principle and its experimental tests —

1) What was found
2) What was not found
3) What does it mean?

Alessandro Strumia, Pisa University, INFN and NICPB
Talk at Madrid, September 26, 2013
1) What was found

But should not have been found
Only the Higgs

$m_h = 125.6$ GeV
The SM Higgs

Fit to Higgs couplings

New physics only in loops

Composite Higgs

MSSM fit (tanβ >> 1)

Higgs or dilaton?

Invisible Higgs BR

Stop correction to the htt coupling

QCD anomaly $b_1$

Invisible Higgs BR

$\Delta \chi^2$

$\Delta \chi^2$

Stop correction to the htt coupling

QCD anomaly $b_1$
And nothing else
Maybe up to the Planck scale

For the measured $M_h$, $M_t$ the SM can go up to $M_{Pl}$ and is close to meta-stability

$$\lambda(\bar{\mu} = M_{Pl}) = -0.0128 - 0.0065\left(\frac{M_t}{\text{GeV}} - 173.35\right) +$$

$$+ 0.0018 \frac{\alpha_3(M_Z) - 0.1184}{0.0007} + 0.0029\left(\frac{M_h}{\text{GeV}} - 125.66\right)$$
## Fixing the SM parameters

### Threshold corrections at the weak scale

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<th>2 loop</th>
<th>3 loop</th>
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<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$\cal{O}(\alpha_3^3)$</td>
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<td>$\lambda$</td>
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<tr>
<td>$m$</td>
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### Renormalization Group Equations

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<td>full</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>$m$</td>
<td>full</td>
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</table>

\[
\lambda(\bar{\mu} = M_t) = 0.1271 + 0.0021 \left( \frac{M_h}{\text{GeV}} - 125.66 \right) - 0.00004 \left( \frac{M_t}{\text{GeV}} - 173.35 \right) \pm 0.0003_{\text{th}}
\]

\[
y_t(\bar{\mu} = M_t) = 0.9370 + 0.0055 \left( \frac{M_t}{\text{GeV}} - 173.35 \right) - 0.0004 \frac{\alpha_3(M_Z) - 0.1184}{0.0007} \pm 0.0005_{\text{th}}
\]
The SM close to criticality?

\[ M_h = (129.6 \pm 1.5) \text{ GeV} \text{ comes from } V \approx 0 h^2 + 0 h^4 \text{ at } M_{\text{Pl}} \]

For the measured masses even the \( \beta \)-function of \( \lambda \sim \) vanishes around \( M_{\text{Pl}} \)

An accident or a big message?

- Easy to explain \( \lambda \approx 0 \). Pseudo-Goldstone? SUSY with \( \tan \beta = 1 \)?

- Difficult to explain \( \beta(\lambda) \approx g^4 - y_t^4 \approx 0 \). Criticality? RGE above \( M_{\text{Pl}} \)?
2) What was not found

But it should have been found
A solution to the hierarchy problem

In quantum “Everything not forbidden is mandatory” (Hassan i Sabbah). No symmetry forbids a large quantum correction to $m_{\text{Higgs}}^2 \sim 10^{-32} M_{\text{Pl}}^2$. New physics must cut-off the loop integral before it gets unnaturally big.

\[ \delta m_{\text{Higgs}}^2 \sim \int \frac{d^4 k}{k^2} = \]

The naturalness principle: light scalars do not exist unless they come together with new physics that protects their lightness, such as SUSY, technicolor...

The top loop gives a quadratically divergent correction to $M_h$, cut-offing at $M$:

\[ \delta m_h^2 \approx \delta m_h^2(\text{top}) = \approx \frac{12 \lambda_{\text{top}}^2}{(4\pi)^2} M^2 \times \left\{ \frac{1}{\ln M_{\text{Pl}}^2/M^2} \right\} \]

Imposing naturalness $\delta m_h^2 \lesssim m_h^2 \times \Delta$ up to a fine-tuning $\Delta$,

\[ M \lesssim \sqrt{\Delta} \times \begin{cases} 400 \text{ GeV} \\ 50 \text{ GeV} \end{cases} \quad \text{Not many TeV!} \]
Those Higgs-like scalars present in field theories of condensed matter are not unnaturally lighter than their ultimate cut-off: the atomic lattice.

The electron mass receives divergent electromagnetic corrections. Naturalness holds thanks to new physics: chiral symmetry of $e^{\pm}$ fermions.

$m_{\pi^{\pm}}^2 - m_{\pi^0}^2$ receives power divergent electromagnetic corrections. Naturalness holds thanks to new physics: $\pi$ are QCD composite of fermions.

$K$ mixing receives power divergent corrections. Naturalness holds thanks to new physics: the charm.

The Higgs mass receives power divergent corrections. Naturalness wants new physics to again appear at the right energy.
The solution to the hierarchy problem

- SUSY stabilizes Higgs: the weak scale is the scale of SUSY breaking.
- SUSY extends Lorentz.
- SUSY unifies fermions with bosons.
- SUSY unifies gauge couplings.
- SUSY gives DM aka ‘neutralino’.
- SUSY is predicted by super-strings.
- Worry: too many sparticles at LHC?
After LHC run I the missing super-partner problem can no longer be ignored.
The CMSSM

The SUSY scale should have been the scale of EWSB breaking

\[ M_Z^2 \approx 0.2 m_0^2 + 0.7 M_3^2 - 2 \mu^2 = (91 \text{ GeV})^2 \times \left( \frac{M_3}{110 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 + \cdots \]

Use adimensional ratios as parameters and fix the SUSY scale from \( M_Z \): LEP and later LHC excluded all the parameter space away from the critical line \( \nu = 0 \)

CMSSM parameter space with \( \tan \beta = 3, A_0 = 0 \)
Beyond the CMSSM

Many models, even at the level of one-letter extensions of the MSSM

AMSSM, BMSSM, CMSSM, DMSSM, EMSSM, FMSSM, GMSSM, HMSSM, IMSSM, KMSSM, MMSSM, NMSSM, OMSSM, PMSSM, QMSSM, RMSSM, SMSSM, TMSSM, UMSSM, VMSSM, XMSSM, YMSSM, ZMSSM

All of them have similar problems: the unit of measure is the kilo-fine-tuning.

A possibility often considered after LHC is ‘natural SUSY’: abandon models and maximise naturalness keeping only the sparticles more relevant for it: $\tilde{t}, \tilde{b}_L, \tilde{g}$:

$$\delta M_Z^2 \propto y_t^2 m_t^2$$
$$\delta m_{\tilde{t}}^2 \propto g_3^2 M_3^2$$

So searches for gluinos and stops are particularly important.
Stop bounds

Gren band: correct DM abundance thanks to neutralino/stop coannihilations.

Small stop/neutralino mass difference: 30 GeV. Stop decays are \(\approx\) invisible. Bound from theorist re-analyses of 7 TeV data relying on jet initial state radiation. Big and fully model independent QCD cross section \(pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}\tilde{t}^* + \text{jets}\).
Natural SUSY: “not very satisfactory”

Even including quantum corrections only below a relatively low cut-off $\Lambda$,

$$\delta M_Z^2 \approx \frac{24 y_t^2}{(4\pi)^2} m_t^2 (1 + \frac{X_t^2}{3}) \ln \frac{\Lambda}{m_{\tilde{t}}}$$

for $\tan \beta \gg 1$, and

$$\delta m_{\tilde{t}}^2 \approx \frac{32 g_3^2}{3 (4\pi)^2} M_3^2 \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_3},$$

the fine-tuning now is $\Delta \sim 10 - 20$.

Reducing $\tan \beta$ does not help, worse FT to get a heavy enough Higgs:

$$M_h^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \frac{3 y_t^2 m_t^2}{4\pi^2} \left[ \ln \left( \frac{m_{\tilde{t}}^2}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} \right) + X_t^2 \left( 1 - \frac{X_t^2}{12} \right) \right] \quad X_t = \frac{A_t + \mu \cot \beta}{m_{\tilde{t}}}$$
Jumping the shark

**Break R-parity** to try to weaken the experimental bound $M_3 \gtrsim 1.1$ TeV:
- Leptonic RPV give leptonic gluino decays making bounds on $M_3$ stronger.
- Hadronic RPV is crazy and does not allow to go at $M_3 < 700$ GeV.

**Dirac gauginos** reduce $\ln \Lambda / M_3 \rightarrow O(1)$ but increase the exp bound on $M_3$.

**Compressed sparticle spectra** to reduce signals, but $\mu$ should naturally be light because of $M_Z^2 = -2\mu^2 + \cdots$. And having all sparticles light is bad.

"We must be careful to rashly reject a new idea. Yet I dare say that this assumption ... is not very satisfactory" (Lorentz about the Stokes-Planck proposal that the aether can be compressed by gravity in the vicinity of earth).

Fine-tuning started and we do not know where it will stop: TeV? PeV? EeV?
SUSY might exist above the weak scale for reasons unrelated to naturalness. The MSSM predicts $0 < \lambda < (g_2^2 + g_Y^2)/8$, so $M_h \sim \sqrt{\lambda} v$ offers a new handle to guess where SUSY could be. 125 GeV means $\lambda$ just below 0 at high scale.

**Predicted range for the Higgs mass**

Like ambiguos oracles: Ibis redibis non morieris in bello
3) What does it mean?
SCALAR FOUND, NO SUSY

The triumph of the SM. Naturalness in trouble. Vacuum will decay?

Two years ago, U.S. Navy personnel and their families assigned to the teacher and assistant director of the Orange County Symphony and Mike south of Tokyo — felt like home away from home, with its lush green rolling
The Great Leap Backward

Theorists proposed a beautiful plausible detailed scenario beyond the SM

Weak scale → Natural → SUSY → MSSM → SUGRA → CMSSM

Anthropic → Technicolor → Extra Singlet → Gauge–mediated → GUT masses

finite Naturalness → Little Higgs → Extra gauge → Anomaly–mediated → NUH–MSSM

Large Extra Dimensions → ...

LHC brings us to reconsider the most interesting and basic question
Is Nature Natural?

Data do not support the **naturalness principle**. Waiting for the 14 TeV run, the present situation is often presented as a dichotomy, even as a monochotomy.

From talks of Arvinataki, Dimouros, and Villadoro with the wall.

There is at least one more possibility...
The good, the bad, the ugly

The **good possibility** of naturalness is in trouble.

The **bad possibility** is that the Higgs is light because of ant**pic** selection. (A bigger vev makes atoms impossible; a bigger $\Lambda$ makes galaxies impossible). Then, one expects that $H$ is the only light scalar. So DM — if at the weak-scale (but why?) — would be a fermion: Split SUSY, Minimal Dark Matter. Axions/Higgs unification, special fermionic models can fit the $g-2$ anomaly...

The **ugly possibility** is that a modified Finite Naturalness applies, where **quadratic divergences are ignored**. They are unphysical, so nobody knows if they vanish or not. Scale invariance does not help, because the answer is chosen by the unknown physical cut-off. Surely it is not a Lorentz-breaking lattice. Maybe it behaves like dimensional regularization.

I don’t want to advocate, but to explore its consequences and tests. Finite naturalness is here considered only as a pure mathematical hypothesis without any pretence of truth
The SM satisfies Finite Naturalness

Quantum corrections to the dimensionful parameter \( m^2 \simeq M_h^2 \) in the SM Lagrangian \( \frac{1}{2} m^2 |H|^2 - \lambda |H|^4 \) are small for the measured values of the parameters

\[
M_h = 125.6 \text{ GeV} \quad \Rightarrow \quad m(\bar{\mu} = M_t) = 132.7 \text{ GeV} \quad \Rightarrow \quad m(\bar{\mu} = M_{Pl}) = 140.9 \text{ GeV}
\]
Finite Naturalness and new physics

FN would be ruined by new heavy particles coupled to the SM (such as GUT). FN holds if the top really is the top — if the weak scale is the highest scale.

New physics is demanded by data: DM, neutrino masses, maybe axions...

**FN still holds if such new physics lies not much above the weak scale.**

Is this possible? If yes what are the signals?
Finite Naturalness and new physics

**Neutrino mass** models add extra particles with mass $M$

\[
M \lesssim \begin{cases} 
0.7 \times 10^7 \text{GeV} \times \sqrt{\Delta} & \text{type I see-saw model,} \\
200 \text{GeV} \times \sqrt{\Delta} & \text{type II see-saw model,} \\
940 \text{GeV} \times \sqrt{\Delta} & \text{type III see-saw model.}
\end{cases}
\]

**Leptogenesis** is compatible with FN only in type I.

**Axion** and LHC usually are like fish and bicycle because $f_a \gtrsim 10^9 \text{GeV}$. Axion models can satisfy FN, e.g. KSVZ models employ heavy quarks with mass $M$

\[
M \lesssim \sqrt{\Delta} \times \begin{cases} 
0.74 \text{ TeV} & \text{if } \psi = Q \oplus \bar{Q} \\
4.5 \text{ TeV} & \text{if } \psi = U \oplus \bar{U} \\
9.1 \text{ TeV} & \text{if } \psi = D \oplus \bar{D}
\end{cases}
\]

**Inflation** does not need big scales and anyhow flatness implies small couplings. Absolute gravitational limit on $H_I$ and on any mass [Arvinataki, Dimopoulos..]  

\[
\delta m^2 \sim \frac{y_t^2 M^6}{M_{Pl}^4 (4\pi)^6} \quad \text{so} \quad M \lesssim \Delta^{1/6} \times 10^{14} \text{ GeV}
\]

**Dark Matter**: extra scalars/fermions with/without weak gauge interactions.
Consider a Minimal Dark Matter $n$-plet. 2-loop quantum corrections to $M_h^2$:

$$\delta m^2 = \frac{cnM^2}{(4\pi)^4} \left( \frac{n^2 - 1}{4} g_2^4 + Y^2 g_Y^4 \right) \times \begin{cases} 6 \ln \frac{M^2}{\Lambda^2} - 1 & \text{for a fermion} \\ \frac{3}{2} \ln^2 \frac{M^2}{\Lambda^2} + 2 \ln \frac{M^2}{\Lambda^2} + \frac{7}{2} & \text{for a scalar} \end{cases}$$

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Quantum numbers SU(2)$_L$ U(1)$_Y$ Spin</th>
<th>DM could decay into</th>
<th>DM mass in TeV</th>
<th>$m_{\text{DM}}^+-m_{\text{DM}}$ in MeV</th>
<th>Finite naturalness bound in TeV, $\Lambda \sim M_{\text{Pl}}$</th>
<th>$\sigma_{\text{SI}}$ in $10^{-46}$ cm$^2$</th>
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DM without EW gauge interactions

DM coupling to the Higgs determines $\Omega_{DM}$, $\sigma_{SI}$ and Finite Naturalness $\delta m^2$

Observable DM satisfies Finite Naturalness if lighter than $\approx 1$ TeV
What is the weak scale?

In the context of FN

1. Could be the only scale of particle physics. Just so.

2. Could be the shadow of a new particle with mass $M \sim 10^{14}$ GeV coupled only gravitationally to the SM. At 3 loops it gives $\pm$ the Higgs mass.

Other scalars (DM?) would similarly be at the weak scale.

3. Could be generated dynamically from nothing, like the QCD scale...
Dynamical generation of the weak scale

Goals:

1) **Dynamically generate** the weak scale and weak scale DM
2) **Preserve** the successful automatic features of the SM: $B, L...$
3) **Get DM stability** as one extra automatic feature.

Model: $G_{SM} \otimes SU(2)_X$ with one extra scalar $S$, doublet under $SU(2)_X$ and

$$V = \lambda_H |H|^4 - \lambda_{HS} |HS|^2 + \lambda_S |S|^4.$$
Dynamical generation of the weak scale

1) $\lambda_S$ runs negative at low energy:

$$\lambda_S \simeq \beta \lambda_S \ln \frac{s}{s_*} \quad \text{with} \quad \beta \lambda_S \simeq \frac{9g_X^4}{8(4\pi)^2}$$

$$S(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ w + s(x) \end{pmatrix} \quad w \simeq s_* e^{-1/4}$$

$$H(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v + h(x) \end{pmatrix} \quad v \simeq w \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_{HS}}{2\lambda_H}}$$

$S$ acts as the Higgs boson of the Higgs boson.

2) No new Yukawas.

3) SU(2)$_X$ vectors get mass $M_X = \frac{1}{2}g_X w$ and are automatically stable [Hambye].

4) Bonus: threshold effect stabilises $\lambda_H = \lambda + \lambda_{HS}^2 / \beta \lambda_S$. 
Experimental implications

1) New scalar $s$: like another $h$ with suppressed couplings; $s \rightarrow hh$ if $M_s > 2M_h$.

2) Dark Matter coupled to $s, h$. Assuming that DM is a thermal relict

$$\sigma v_{\text{ann}} + \frac{1}{2} \sigma v_{\text{semi-ann}} = \frac{11g_X^2}{1728\pi w^2} + \frac{g_X^2}{64\pi w^2} \approx 2.3 \times 10^{26} \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{s}}$$

fixes $g_X = w/1.9$ TeV, so all is predicted in terms of one parameter $\lambda_{HS}$:

(Insignificant hint in $ZZ$ and $\gamma\gamma$ data around 143 GeV)
Dark/EW phase transition

In the SM $h$ smoothly goes from 0 to $v$ at $T \lesssim v$

The model predicts a first order phase transition for $s$

The universe remains trapped at $s = 0$ until the potential energy $\Delta V$ is violently released via thermal tunnelling: $\Gamma \sim T^4 e^{-S/T}$ with $S \propto g_X^4$.

- For the critical value $g_X \approx 1.2$ one has $\Delta V \approx \rho$ such that
  
  \[ f_{\text{peak}} \approx 0.3 \text{ mHz} \quad \Omega_{\text{peak}} h^2 \approx 2 \times 10^{-11} \]
  detectable at LISA

- For $g_X > 1.2$ gravitational waves become weaker.
- For $g_X < 1.2$ the universe gets trapped in a (too long?) inflationary phase.
Finite naturalness and gravity

But non-perturbative quantum gravity gives $\delta M_h^2 \sim M_{Pl}^2$!? Nobody knows: maybe $1/M_{Pl}$ is just a small coupling and there are either no new particles around $M_{Pl}$ (as in a 2-dim model by Dubovsky et al.) or weakly coupled particles. Then, the SM RGE would hold above $M_{Pl}$ and Landau poles for $g_Y$ and $\lambda$ become a problem.

To modify the SM into a theory that holds up to infinity energy one needs:

1. **A special value for** $y_t$, predicted in terms of gauge couplings:
   $$M_t \approx 194 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{for } g_Y \sim 0$$

   $\lambda$ must become negative at large energy.

2. **Hypercharge made non-abelian.** All models (Pati-Salam, trinification) include $SU(2)_R$ and so two Higgs coupled to $u$ and $d$: $K_0/\bar{K}_0$ mixing and $K \to \mu e$ demand that this can only happen at unnaturally large $E$.

FN needs that quantum gravity cures itself and the SM UV problems.
Conclusions

Naturalness?

1) **Stick to it** like mussels. Naturalness should be fresh, spontaneous. Present bounds are so strong that it can only be imposed with kicks in ...

2) **Abandon it.** Go ant**pic. Multiverse is the only ‘rationale’ we have for $\Lambda$.

3) **Modify it.** Naturalness is satisfied by the SM if quadratic divergences vanish. $M_h$ at the meta/stability border: a deep meaning in $\lambda(M_{Pl}) \sim \beta(\lambda(M_{Pl})) \sim 0$?

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<th>Cosmological constant</th>
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<td>Wrong?</td>
<td>Wrong</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finite naturalness</td>
<td>Viable</td>
<td>Wrong</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ant**pic multiverse</td>
<td>Not even wrong</td>
<td>Not even wrong</td>
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</table>

Exploring higher energies is the only way to clarify. Unnaturalness would have bigger significance than the discovery of SUSY.
From Feynman:

‘There was a Princess Somebody of Denmark sitting at a table ... She turned to me and said, ‘In what field did you do your work?’ ‘In physics,’ I said. ‘Oh. Nobody knows anything about that, so we can’t talk about it.’

Naturalness is a great topic for a Dialogo sopra i Massimi Sistemi