



Inclusive top-quark pair production cross section in the CMS detector with the *Cut and Count* method

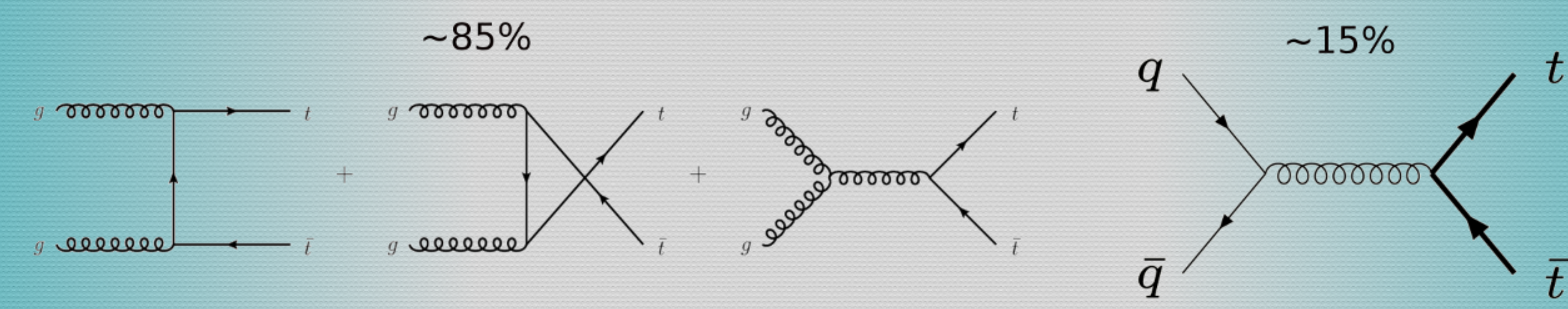
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1. Introduction and motivation

- Important test for the Standard Model
- Main source of background in many searches for physics beyond the SM
- This measurement can provide constraints on the top mass, proton PDFs, α_s and new physics scenarios

Production processes and decay



- The top-quark decays into W bosons and b-quarks (BR>99%)
- In this analysis leptonic decays of W bosons are considered

The *Cut and Count* method

- Count the number of events in data after a final selection, subtract the background expectations and extrapolate the production cross section:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N - N_{bkg}}{\epsilon \cdot \mathcal{L}}$$

7 & 8 TeV (5 & 20 fb⁻¹)



arXiv:1603.02303 [hep-ex]

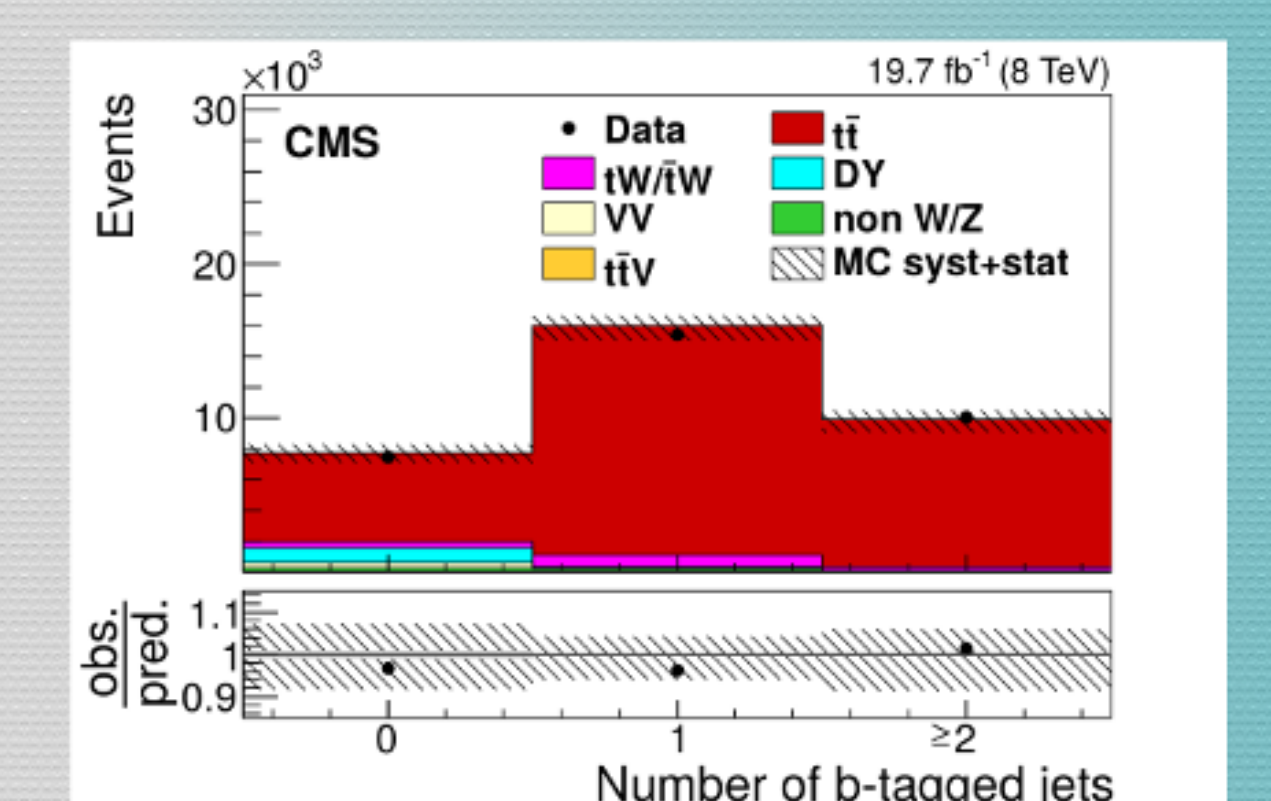
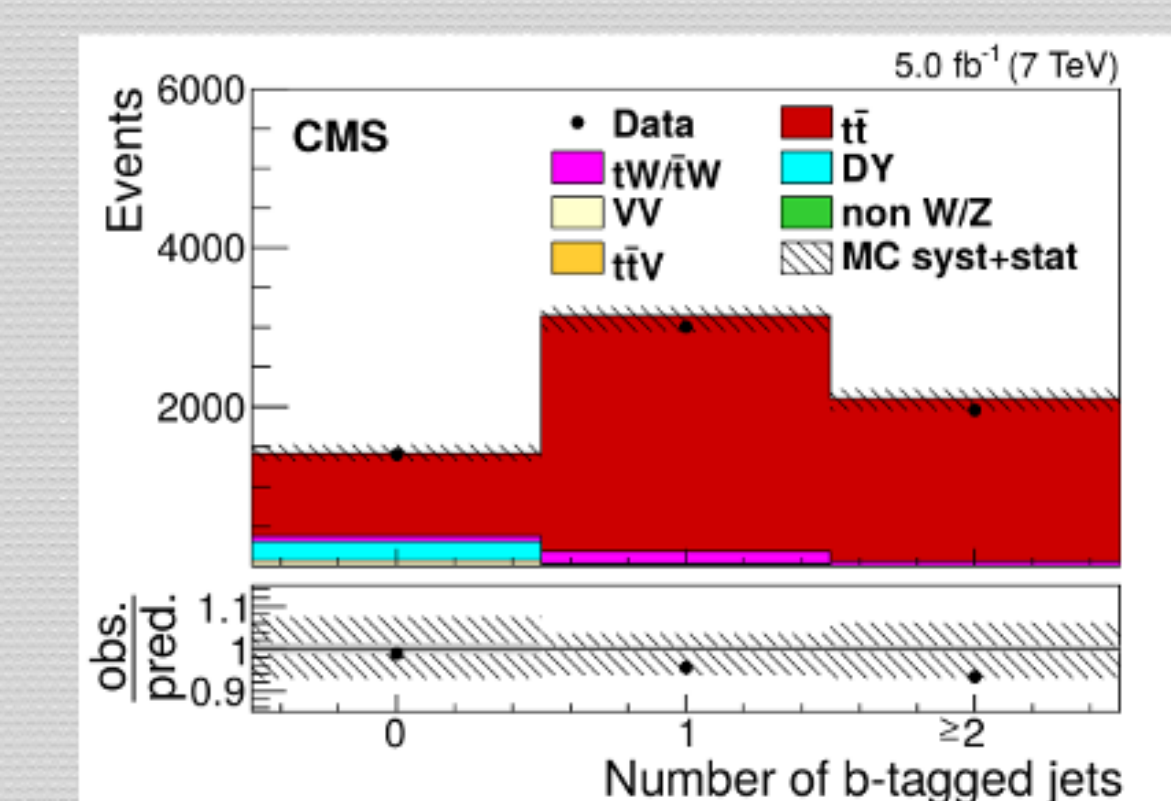
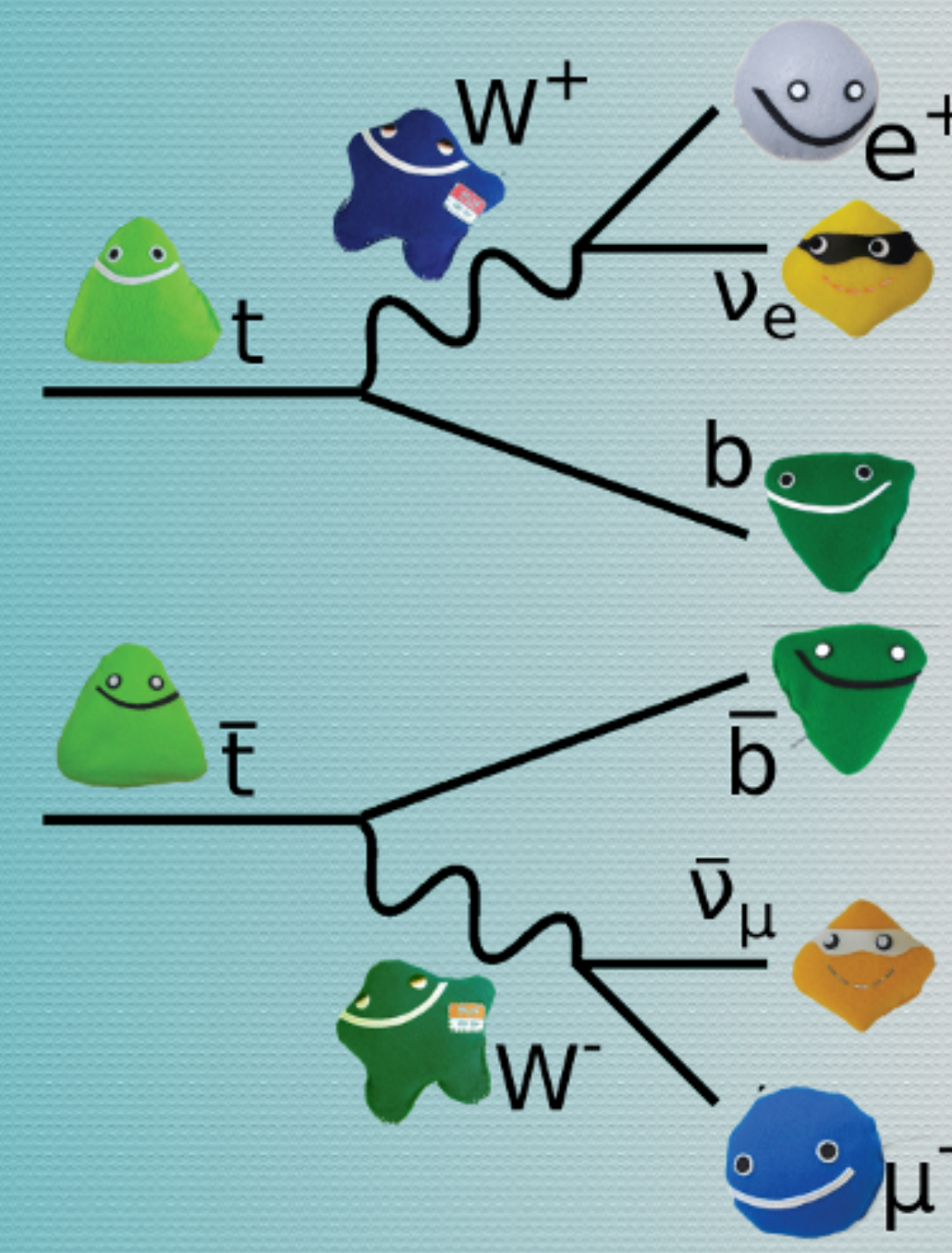
13 TeV (2.2 fb⁻¹)



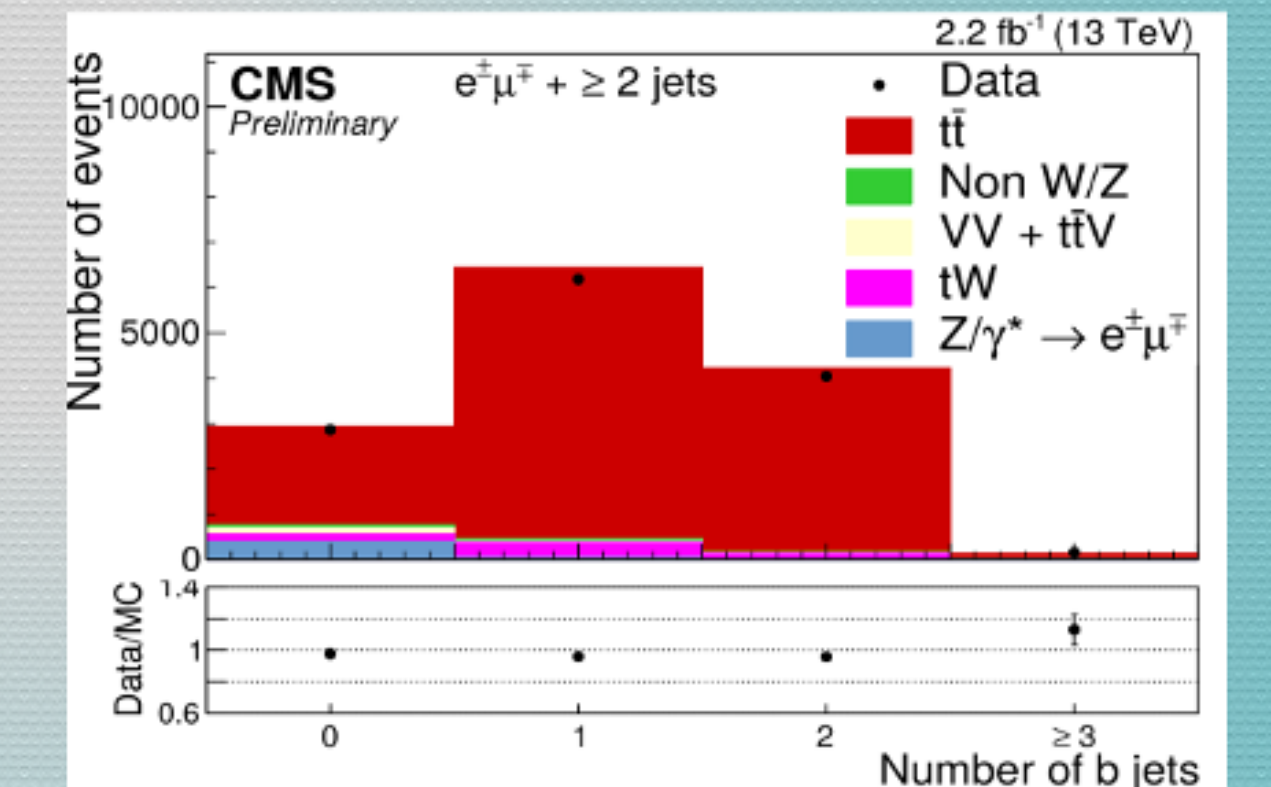
CMS-PAS-TOP-16-005

2. Event selection

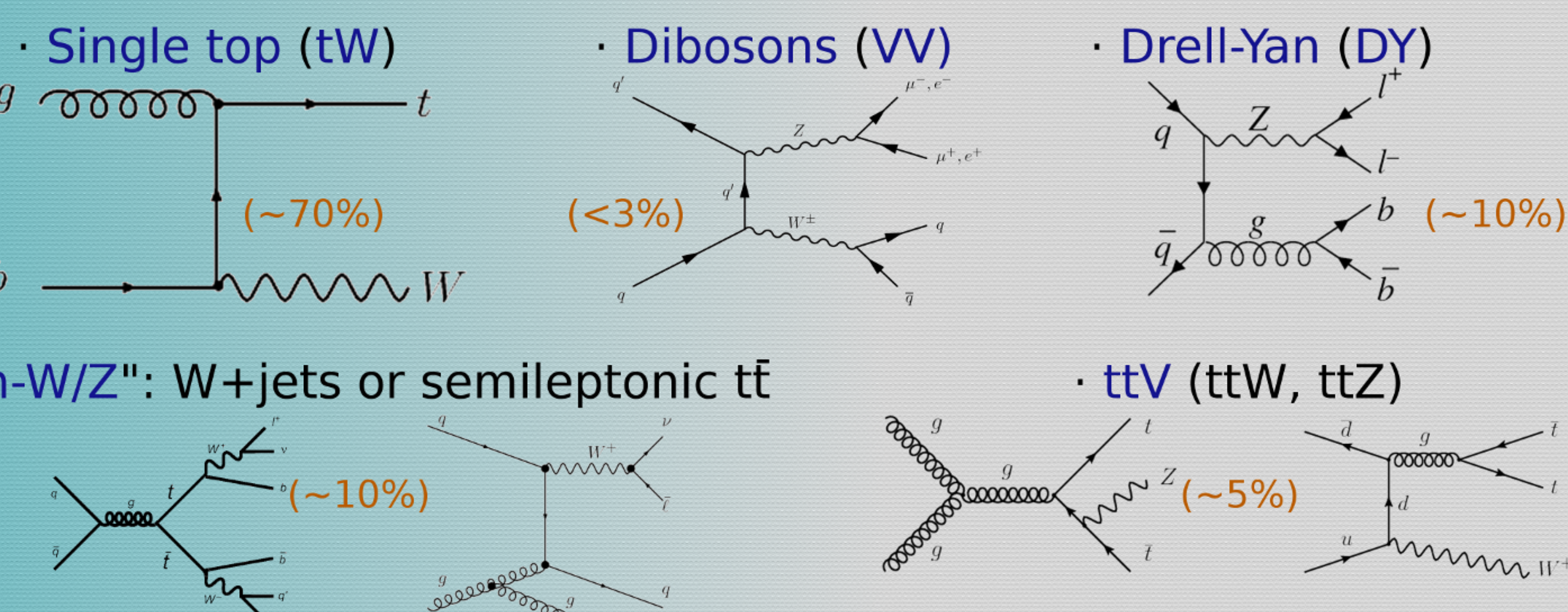
- Electron-muon pair with opposite charge
- At least 2 jets
- At least 1 *b-tagged jet*
- The *b-tagging working point* provides an ID eff. of 70% and mistagging eff. of 1%



The signature of *t* \bar{t} process has **two b-jets**. With the exception of *t*W, the background sources rarely produce b-jets.



3. Background estimation



Data driven techniques used to estimate DY and Non-W/Z, MC used for others

Source	Number of $e\mu$ events	
	7 TeV	8 TeV
DY	22 ± 3 ± 3	173 ± 25 ± 26
Non W/Z	51 ± 5 ± 15	146 ± 10 ± 44
Single top quark (tW)	204 ± 3 ± 61	1034 ± 3 ± 314
VV	7 ± 1 ± 2	35 ± 2 ± 11
t \bar{t} V	12 ± 1 ± 3	84 ± 1 ± 26
Total background	296 ± 6 ± 63	1472 ± 27 ± 319
t \bar{t} dilepton signal	5008 ± 15 ± 188	24440 ± 44 ± 956
Data	4970	25441

Source	13 TeV	Number of $e^\pm\mu^\mp$ events
Drell-Yan	24 ± 9 ± 4	
Non-W/Z leptons	109 ± 50 ± 33	
Single top quark	463 ± 6 ± 145	
VV	15 ± 2 ± 5	
t \bar{t} V	31 ± 1 ± 10	
Total background	642 ± 52 ± 149	
t \bar{t} dilepton signal	10199 ± 14 ± 462	
Data	10368	

DY estimation: $R_{in/out}$

Shapes are taken from MC, data used to normalize:

$$DY = R_{in/out} \cdot (N_{in}^{II} - 0.5N_{in}^{e\mu}) \cdot k$$

$R_{in/out}$: ratio between #events inside and outside the Z peak taken from MC

N_{in}^{II} : #events in the Z peak taken from data in II channel

k : factor to take into account the difference in efficiencies between e and μ

Estimation of non-W/Z

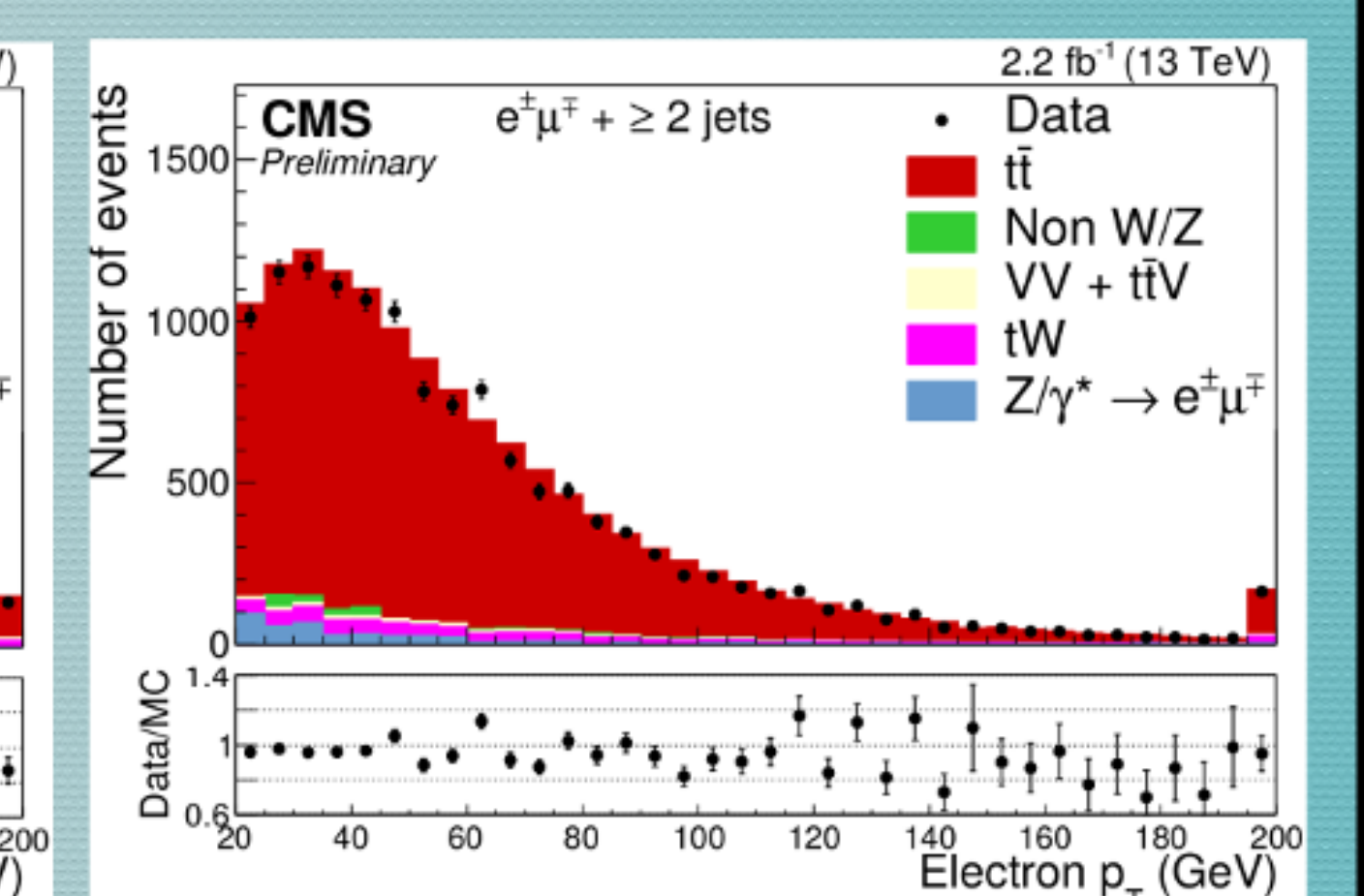
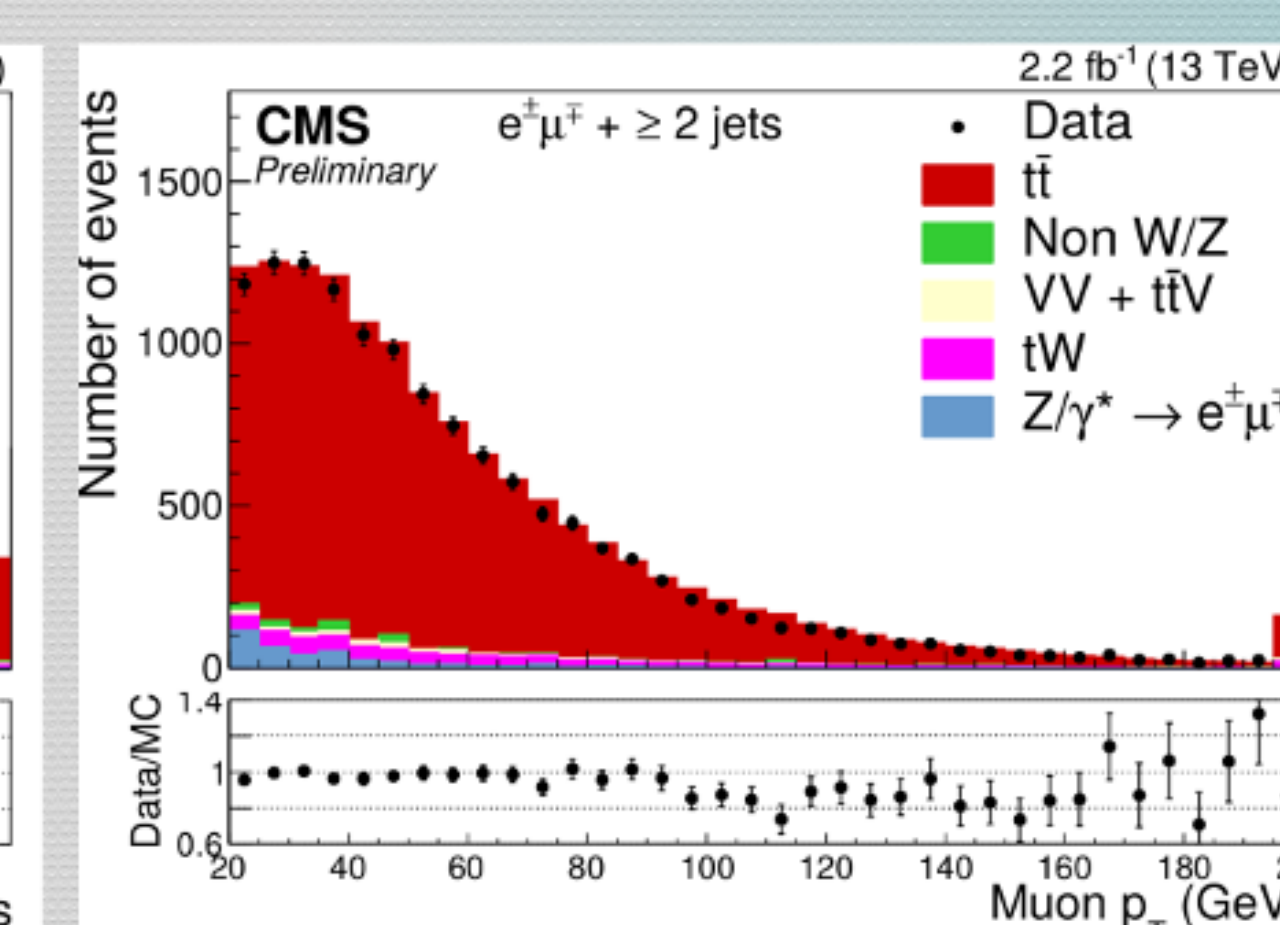
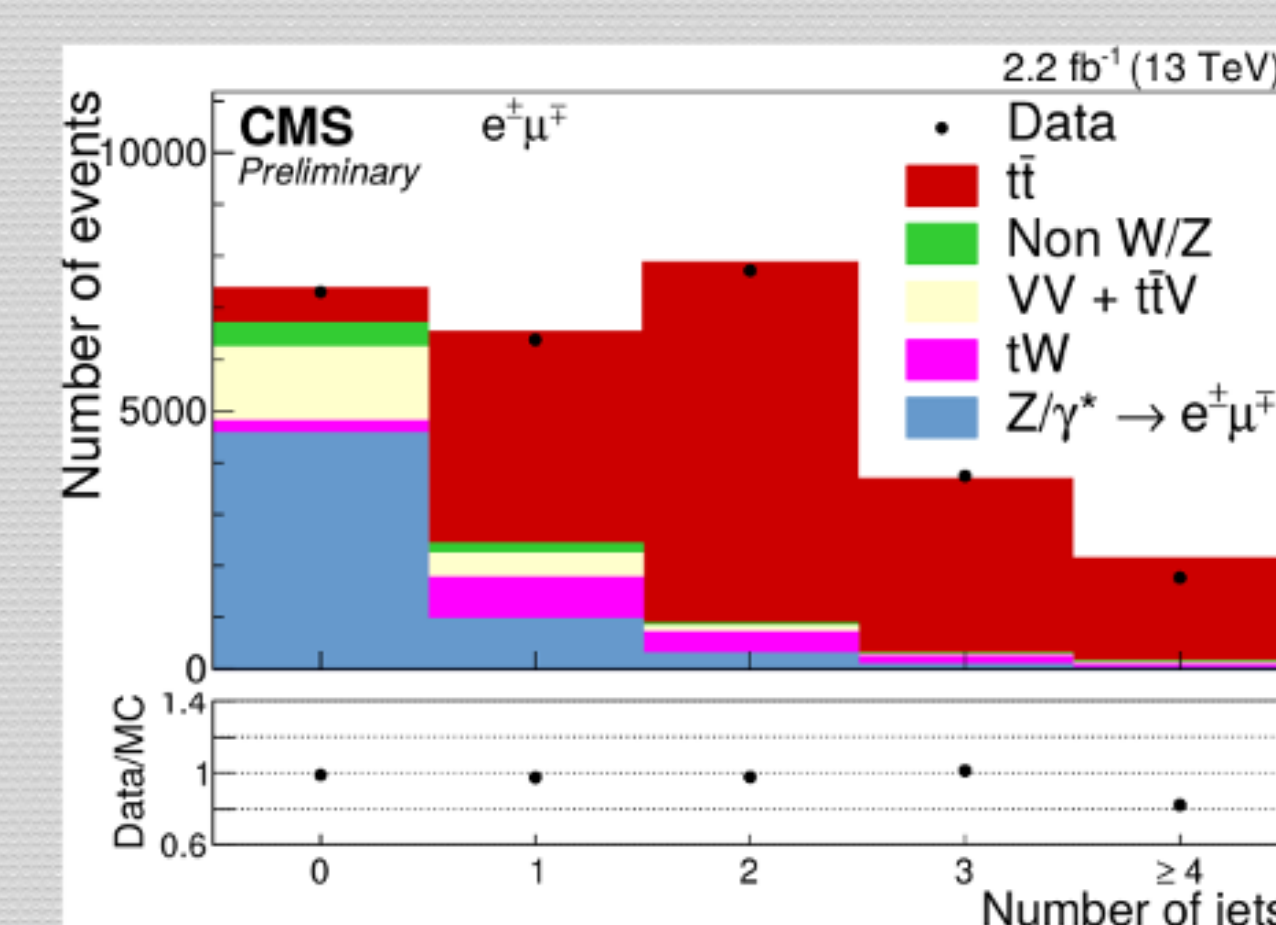
A control region with the same selection but same-sign (SS) leptons is used:

$$N_{data}^{OS\ fake} = (N_{data}^{SS} - N_{p,MC}^{SS}) \cdot N_{MC}^{OS\ fake} / N_{MC}^{SS\ fake}$$

N_{data}^{SS} : number of SS events in data in the region of interest

$N_{p,MC}^{SS}$: number of SS events with prompt leptons taken from MC

$N_{MC}^{OS\ fake} / N_{MC}^{SS\ fake}$: ratio of events with fake leptons taken from semilep *t* \bar{t} and W+Jets MC



4. Systematic uncertainties

Most important uncertainties

- **Trigger** and **lepton efficiencies**: estimated by varying data-to-MC scale factors (SFs) by their uncertainties (1-2%)
- **Jet energy scale** and **b-tagging efficiency**: determined by varying the jet energy and b-tagging SFs according to its p_T and η -dependent uncertainties
- **Generators**: calculated by comparing different MC simulations, Powheg/aMC@NLO (13 TeV) and MadGraph/Powheg (7 and 8 TeV)
- **Hadronization**: estimated by comparing MC simulations of Pythia/Herwig
- **Single top normalization**: a conservative 30% is assumed

Source	$\Delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ (pb)	$\Delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ (%)
Data statistics	8.3	1.0
Trigger efficiencies	9.7	1.2
Lepton efficiencies	18.4	2.3
Lepton energy scale	0.3	0.04
Jet energy scale	17.0	2.2
Jet energy resolution	0.8	0.1
b tagging	11.0	1.4
Mistagging	0.5	0.06
Pileup	1.5	0.2
Single top quark	11.8	1.5
VV	0.4	0.06
Drell-Yan	0.3	0.04
Non-W/Z leptons	2.7	0.3
t \bar{t} V	0.8	0.1
PDF	4.8	0.6
Scale (μ_F and μ_R)	0.8	0.1
Parton shower scale	6.4	0.8
t \bar{t} NLO generator	16.8	2.1
t \bar{t} hadronization	10.2	1.3
Total systematic (no integrated luminosity)	38.0	4.8
Integrated luminosity	21.4	2.7
Total	44.4	5.6

Systematic uncertainties for the measurement at 13 TeV

5. Results

The **predicted** cross sections are:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(7\text{ TeV}) = 177.3 \pm 6.0 \text{ (scale)} \pm 9.0 \text{ (PDF} + \alpha_s) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(8\text{ TeV}) = 252.9 \pm 8.6 \text{ (scale)} \pm 11.7 \text{ (PDF} + \alpha_s) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(13\text{ TeV}) = 831.8 \pm 29.2 \text{ (scale)} \pm 35.1 \text{ (PDF} + \alpha_s) \text{ pb}$$

And the **measured** cross sections are:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(7\text{ TeV}) = 174.5 \pm 2.1 \text{ (stat)} \pm 4.5 \text{ (syst)} \pm 3.8 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(8\text{ TeV}) = 245.6 \pm 1.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 6.65 \text{ (syst)} \pm 6.5 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(13\text{ TeV}) = 793 \pm 8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 38 \text{ (syst)} \pm 21 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

