Overview of different recombination codes



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2nd IFT School on Cosmological Tools Madrid, Spain, March 13th - 17th, 2017



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Cosmological Time in Years



Getting the job done for Planck

SA GH

Hydrogen recombination

- Two-photon decays from higher levels (Dubrovich & Grachev, 2005, Astr. Lett., 31, 359; Wong & Scott, 2007; JC & Sunyaev, 2007; Hirata, 2008; JC & Sunyaev 2009)
- Induced 2s two-photon decay for hydrogen (JC & Sunyaev, 2006, A&A, 446, 39; Hirata 2008)
- Feedback of the Lyman- α distortion on the 1s-2s two-photon absorption rate (Kholupenko & Ivanchik, 2006, Astr. Lett.; Fendt et al. 2008; Hirata 2008)
- Non-equilibrium effects in the angular momentum sub-states (Rubiño-Martín, JC & Sunyaev, 2006, MNRAS; JC, Rubiño-Martín & Sunyaev, 2007, MNRAS; Grin & Hirata, 2009; JC, Vasil & Dursi, 2010)
- Feedback of Lyman-series photons (Ly[n] → Ly[n-1])
 (JC & Sunyaev, 2007, A&A; Kholupenko et al. 2010; Haimoud, Grin & Hirata, 2010)
- Lyman-α escape problem (*atomic recoil, time-dependence, partial redistribution*) (Dubrovich & Grachev, 2008; JC & Sunyaev, 2008; Forbes & Hirata, 2009; JC & Sunyaev, 2009)
- Collisions and Quadrupole lines (JC, Rubiño-Martín & Sunyaev, 2007; Grin & Hirata, 2009; JC, Vasil & Dursi, 2010; JC, Fung & Switzer, 2011)
- Raman scattering (Hirata 2008; JC & Thomas , 2010; Haimoud & Hirata, 2010)

Helium recombination

- Similar list of processes as for hydrogen (Switzer & Hirata, 2007a&b; Hirata & Switzer, 2007)
- Spin forbidden 2p-1s triplet-singlet transitions (Dubrovich & Grachev, 2005, Astr. Lett.; Wong & Scott, 2007; Switzer & Hirata, 2007; Kholupenko, Ivanchik&Varshalovich, 2007)
- Hydrogen continuum opacity during He I recombination (Switzer & Hirata, 2007; Kholupenko, Ivanchik & Varshalovich, 2007; Rubiño-Martín, JC & Sunyaev, 2007; JC, Fung & Switzer, 2011)
- Detailed feedback of helium photons (Switzer & Hirata, 2007a; JC & Sunyaev, 2009, MNRAS; JC, Fung & Switzer, 2011)







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Cumulative Changes to the Ionization History





Cumulative Change in the CMB Power Spectra





Differences for current recombination codes



Recombination code overview

| Code | Recfast | Recfast++ | CosmoRec |
|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Language | Fortran 77/90 & C | C++ | C++ |
| Requirements | _ | _ | GNU Scientific Lib (GSL) |
| Solves for | $X_{ m p},X_{ m Hel},T_{ m e}$ | $X_{ m p}, X_{ m Hel}, T_{ m e}$ | $X_{1s}, X_{ns}, X_{np}, X_{nd}, T_{e}$ |
| ODE-Solver | explicit | implicit (Gears method) | implicit (Gears method) |
| PDE-Solver | _ | - | semi-implicit (Crank-Nicolson) |
| Approach | derivative fudge | correction function | full physics |
| Simplicity | rather simple | simpler | pretty big code |
| Flexibility | limited | quite flexible | very flexible |
| Validity | around standard cosmology | around standard cosmology | wide range of cosmologies |
| Tools | _ | ODE Solver | HI & He Atom, Solvers, Quadrature routines |
| Extras | - | DM annihilation, A _{2s1s} | DM annihilation, high-v distortion, A _{2s1s} |
| Runtime | 0.01 sec | 0.08 sec | 1.5 - 2 sec (faster now) |

Update for CosmoRec & Recfast++ soon to include effects of primordial magnetic fields, variation of fundamental constants & decaying particles

Recfast

Some Recfast facts

- Standalone Fortran and C versions
- C version not up to date (and buggy)
- Many personal versions in the community
- Part of CAMB and CLASS
- Recombination corrections included by fudging derivatives
- Today fudge function calibrated using CosmoRec
- Derivatives done analytically (cumbersome...)
- Download <u>http://www.astro.ubc.ca/people/scott/recfast.html</u>

Recfast Equations

$$\frac{dx_{\text{He II}}}{dz} = \{ [x_{\text{He II}} x_e n_{\text{II}} \alpha_{\text{He I}} - \beta_{\text{He I}} (f_{\text{He}} - x_{\text{He II}}) e^{-h\nu_{\text{He I}} 2^1 s^{/k} T_M}] \\
\times [1 + K_{\text{He I}} \Lambda_{\text{He II}} n_{\text{II}} (f_{\text{He}} - x_{\text{He II}}) e^{-h\nu_{\text{He I}} 2^1 s^{2^1 s^{/k} T_M}}] \} / \\
\{ H(z)(1 + z)[1 + K_{\text{He I}} (\Lambda_{\text{He I}} + \beta_{\text{He I}}) n_{\text{II}} \\
\times (f_{\text{He}} - x_{\text{He II}}) e^{-h\nu_{\text{IIe I}} 2^1 s^{2^1 s^{/k} T_M}}] \},$$
(2)

$$\frac{dT_M}{dz} = \frac{8\sigma_{\rm T}a_R T_R^4}{3H(z)(1+z)m_e c} \frac{x_e}{1+f_{\rm He}+x_e} (T_M - T_R) + \frac{2T_M}{(1+z)}$$

- Old expressions from Peebles 1969
- second shell quasistationary
 - recombination rates and escape probabilities fudged
 - spin-forbidden transition added to helium equation (Wong, Moss & Scott, 2009)

Seager et al, 1999

recfast.readme

The input interface was designed to look familiar to users of Seljak & Zaldarriaga's code CMBFAST. A convenient way to run the program is by using a file recfast.run of the form: output.file Omega_B, Omega_DM, Omega_vac H_0, T_0, Y_p meaning of parameters Hswitch Heswitch For example: junk.out 0.04 0.20 0.76 write into recfast.ini 70 2.725 0.25 1 6

Execute code like./recfast < recfast.ini</pre>

recfast.for

```
С
       Modification for H correction (Hswitch):
        write(*,*) 'Modification for H recombination:'
        write(*,*)'0) no change from old Recfast'
    write(*,*)'1) include correction'
        write(*,*)'Enter the choice of modification for H (0-1):'
    read(*,*)Hswitch
С
   Fudge factor to approximate the low z out of equilibrium effect
    if (Hswitch .eq. 0) then
      fu=1.14d0
    else
      fu=1.125d0
    end if
С
   Modification for HeI recombination (Heswitch):
    write(*,*)'Modification for HeI recombination:'
    write(*,*)'0) no change from old Recfast'
    write(*,*)'1) full expression for escape probability for singlet'
    write(*,*)' 1P-1S transition'
    write(*,*)'2) also including effect of continum opacity of H on HeI'
    write(*,*)' singlet (based in fitting formula suggested by'
    write(*,*)' Kholupenko, Ivanchik & Varshalovich, 2007)'
    write(*,*)'3) only including recombination through the triplets'
    write(*,*)'4) including 3 and the effect of the continum '
    write(*,*)' (although this is probably negligible)'
    write(*,*)'5) including only 1, 2 and 3'
    write(*,*)'6) including all of 1 to 4'
    write(*,*)'Enter the choice of modification for HeI (0-6):'
    read(*,*)Heswitch
```

Example of how things can go wrong with *Recfast*...



JC et al., 2015, arXiv:1503.04827

Recfast++

Some Recfast++ facts

- Standalone C++ version
- Also part of cosmology object in CosmoRec (activated by runmode)
- High flexibility with non-standard cases implemented
- Uses correction function approach to represent the full calculation (introduced in Rubino-Martin et al, 2009)
- Correction function can be updated very easily
- Derivatives done numerically (super easy!!)
- Download www.Chluba.de/CosmoRec

$$X_{\rm e}^{\rm CR} \approx X_{\rm e}^{\rm RF} \left(1 + \frac{\Delta X_{\rm e}}{X_{\rm e}} \right)$$

Computed for reference cosmology



Initialization for Recfast++ uses same file as CosmoRec

// the above parameters are (default values are given as examples) //=== 2800 == number of redshift points (for the range z= 50-3000 nz=500 is in principle sufficient) 3806 == starting redshift; above z=3400 the Recfast++ Solution should be used. This is automatically done in batch mode. 0 == ending redshift; below z=50 the Recfast++ system is solved with rescale dXe/dt 0.24 == Yp 2.725 == T0 0.2678 == Omega_m 0.0444 == Omega_b 0.7322 == Omega L (if <=0 it will be computed from the other variables)</p> 0.0 == Omega k 0.71 == h100 3.046 == N nu 1.14 == Recfast++ fudge factor (usually leave unchanged) 3 == number of hydrogen shells for ODE problem (currently: 3, 4, 5 or 10; lite only 3) 520 == nS for effective HI rates (nS=10, 20, 50, 120, 128, 200, 300, 400 and 500; lite only 500) If the number of hydrogen shells is !=3, only effective rates for nS=500 are available. 1.0e-24 == dark matter annihilation efficiency in eV/sec (see Chluba 2009). Values <= 12^-23 eV/sec are recommended. For larger values the CosmoRec calculation breaks down. In Recfast-mode also larger values are possible. 8.2206 == A2s1s decay rate for hydrogen. If ==0 internal default is used. == number of helium shells (currently: 2, 3, 5 or 10; lite only 2 & 3) 3 == HI absorption during HeI-recombination 0 (0: off; 1: on; 2: on with Diffusion fudge; 3: radiative transfer code) 0 == spin forbidden transitions for HeI-recombination (0: off; 1: on) == Feedback in Helium levels (positive: no HI abs between the lines 0 negative: with HI abs between the lines) 1 == run PDE part (1) or not (0). In the latter case only ODE system will be solved. If this flag is set to 0 only the initial calculation without transfer corrections will be performed 2 == correction to 2s-1s channel; 0: no corr; 1: stim. 2s-1s; 2: full correction; 3 == nS for corrections because of two-photon decays. If set to <3 then only the diffusion correction is included. 2 == nS for corrections because of Raman-scattering If set to <2 then the 1+1 Raman rates are not corrected. ./outputs/ == path for output == addition to name of files at the very end .dat

./runfiles/parameters.dat

parameters for both Recfast++ & CosmoRec

main CosmoRec parameters

Execute Recfast++ like

./CosmoRec REC runfiles/parameters.dat

(equivalent to old recfast)

./CosmoRec RECcf runfiles/parameters.dat (recfast + correction function)



New Cosmological Recombination Code: CosmoRec

- Uses an effective multi-level approach (Haimoud & Hirata, 2010)
- Very accurate and fast (for 'default' setting ~1 sec per model!)
- solves the detailed radiative transfer problem for Ly-n
- no fudging (Recfast) or multi-dimensional interpolation (RICO)
- different runmodes/accuracies implemented
- easily extendable (effect of dark matter annihilation already included)
- was already tested in a wide range of cosmologies
- runs smoothly with CAMB/CosmoMC (Shaw & JC, 2011)
- CosmoRec is available at: www.Chluba.de/CosmoRec

Extended Effective Multi-level Atom



CosmoRec & HyRec

- need to treat angular momentum sub-levels separately
- Complexity of problem scales like ~ n^2_{max}
- Full problem pretty demanding (500 shells ≈ 130000 equations!)

⇒ effective multi-level approach (Ali-Haimoud & Hirata, 2010)

This allowed fast computation of the recombination problem!

CosmoRec specific parameters

./runfiles/parameters.dat

| 3 500 | <pre>== number of hydrogen shells for ODE problem (currently: 3, 4, 5 or 10; lite only 3) == nS for effective HI rates (nS=10, 20, 50, 100, 128, 200, 300, 400 and 500; lite only 500 If the number of hydrogen shells is 1=2, only offective rates for nS=500 are evailable.</pre> |
|-----------|---|
| 1.0e-24 | <pre>== dark matter annihilation efficiency in eV/sec (see Chluba 2009). Values <= 10^-23 eV/sec are recommended. For larger values the CosmoRec</pre> |
| 8.2206 | calculation breaks down. In Recfast-mode also larger values are possible. == A2s1s decay rate for hydrogen. If ==0 internal default is used. |
| 3 | == number of helium shells (currently: 2, 3, 5 or 10; lite only 2 & 3) |
| 0 | == HI absorption during HeI-recombination |
| | (0: off; 1: on; 2: on with Diffusion fudge; 3: radiative transfer code) |
| 0 | == spin forbidden transitions for Hel-recombination (0: off; 1: on) |
| 0 | == Feedback in Helium levels (positive: no HI abs between the lines |
| | negative: with HI abs between the lines) |
| 1 | == run PDE part (1) or not (0). In the latter case only ODE system will be solved. |
| | If this flag is set to 0 only the initial calculation without transfer corrections will be performed |
| 2 | == correction to 2s-1s channel; 0: no corr; 1: stim. 2s-1s; 2: full correction; |
| 3 | == nS for corrections because of two-photon decays. |
| | If set to <3 then only the diffusion correction is included. |
| 2 | == nS for corrections because of Raman-scattering |
| _ | If set to <2 then the 1+1 Raman rates are not corrected. |
| ./outputs | / == path for output |
| .dat | == addition to name of files at the very end |

Execute CosmoRec like

```
./CosmoRec runfiles/parameters.dat
```

Annihilation and extra energy release

Extra Sources of Ionizations or Excitations



- ,Hypothetical' source of extra photons parametrized by ϵ_{α} & ϵ_{i}
- Extra excitations ⇒ delay of Recombination
- Extra ionizations ⇒ affect 'freeze out' tail
- This affects the Thomson visibility function
- From WMAP $\Rightarrow \epsilon_{\alpha} < 0.39 \& \epsilon_{i} < 0.058$ at 95% confidence level (Galli et al. 2008)
- Extra ionizations & excitations should also lead to additional photons in the recombination radiation!!!
- This in principle should allow us to check for such sources at z~1000

Peebles, Seager & Hu, ApJ, 2000

Dark Matter Annihilation: Effect on Ionization History and the Recombination Spectrum



10 shell Hydrogen & 10 shell Helium atom bound-bound III recombination spectrum reference model $f_{a} \epsilon_{a} = 2 \pm 10^{-22}$ 2 x 10⁻²² $f_{\rm d} \varepsilon_{\rm u} = 5 \pm 10^{\circ}$ pre-recombinational signal from interaction k with Lie I l ave lime Hz from ε -- 600 E 10 101001000 v[GHz]

- 'Delay of recombination'
- Affects Thomson visibility function
- Possibility of Sommerfeld-enhancement
- Clumpiness of matter at z<100

- Additional photons at all frequencies
- Broadening of spectral features
- Shifts in the positions

Decaying particle during & after recombination



- Modify recombination history
- this changes Thomson visibility function and thus the CMB temperature and polarization power spectra
- \Rightarrow CMB anisotropies allow

probing particles with lifetimes ≥ 10¹² sec

CMB spectral distortions provide complementary probe! (more tomorrow)

Some useful commands

Making and cleaning

- > make
- > make clean
- > make tidy

Execute CosmoRec like

./CosmoRec runfiles/parameters.dat (full computation)

Execute Recfast++ like

- ./CosmoRec REC runfiles/parameters.dat (equivalent to old recfast)
- ./CosmoRec RECcf runfiles/parameters.dat (recfast + correction function)