## Probing hybrid scenarios with primordial black holes and particle dark matter

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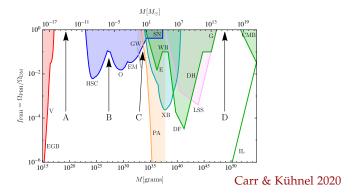






### Introduction

- Renewed interest in primordial black holes (PBHs) as DM candidates with LIGO/Virgo detections of BH mergers
- Significant constraints on PBH fraction  $f = \Omega_{\text{PBH}} / \Omega_{\text{DM}}$
- A few open mass windows (if monochromatic mass function)
- Complicated picture for more realistic assumptions



 $\rightarrow$  Hybrid DM models with PBHs + (annihilating) particles?  $\hookrightarrow$  WIMPs but not necessarily

## Hybrid scenarios: formation of mini-halos of particle DM around PBHs

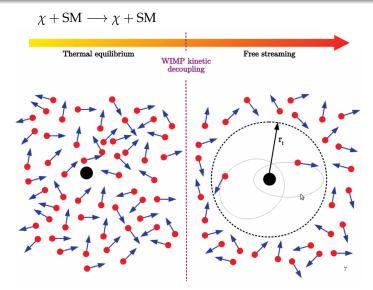
#### WIMPs + PBHs in the literature

- Simple models for formation of mini-halos in the early Universe Mack+ 2007, Ricotti+ 2009, Lacki+ 2010, Saito+ 2010, Dong+ 2011
- Very concentrated objects (mini-spikes),  $\rho \propto r^{-\gamma}$  with  $\gamma \ge 3/2$  $\Rightarrow$  strong  $\gamma$ -ray constraints from WIMP annihilation
- Effect of orbits of DM particles around the PBH (Eroshenko 2016)
- PBHs and WIMPs: "all or nothing" (Boucenna+ 16, Carr+ 2020)

#### This work

- In-depth study of formation process and dependence of profiles on PBH and particle DM parameters
- Reduce theoretical uncertainties
- Go beyond WIMPs: lighter DM candidates, smaller annihilation cross sections than  $3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1} \rightarrow \text{new constraints}$
- Use Galactic cosmic rays (CRs) in addition to  $\gamma$ -rays

## Kinetic decoupling of DM particles and radius of influence of a PBH



Courtesy from M. Stref

## Setting up the DM profile

#### Radius of influence of the BH

Decoupling from the Hubble flow:  $\ddot{r} = -\frac{GM_{BH}}{r^2} + \frac{\ddot{a}}{a}r = 0$ Equivalently:  $M_{BH} \approx \frac{4\pi}{3} r_{infl}^3 \rho_{rad}$  (c = 1)

 $\Rightarrow$  Turnaround radius  $r_{infl}(t) \approx (2GM_{BH}t^2)^{1/3}$ 

#### Onion-shell mini-spike profile

- Below *r*<sub>kd</sub>: all DM particles fall at same time *t*<sub>kd</sub>
- Above *r*<sub>kd</sub>: infall after kinetic decoupling and before matter-radiation equality

• Building the profile: 
$$r_{i} \equiv r_{infl}(t_{i})$$
  
 $\rho_{i} \equiv \rho_{dm}(a_{i}) \propto a_{i}^{-3}, \quad a_{i} \propto \rho_{rad}^{-1/4} \quad \text{and} \quad \rho_{rad} \propto r_{i}^{-3}$   
 $\rho_{i}(r_{i}) \approx \begin{cases} \rho_{i}^{kd} \equiv \rho_{dm}(t_{kd}) & \text{if } r_{i} \leq r_{kd}, \\ \rho_{i}^{kd} (r_{i}/r_{kd})^{-9/4} & \text{if } r_{kd} \leq r_{i} \leq r_{eq} \end{cases}$ 

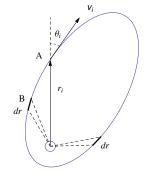
## Free streaming and reshaping of the mini-spike profile

#### Final profile from particle orbits

• Redistribution from time spent at a given radius *r* 

$$\begin{split} 4\pi r^2 \rho_{\chi}(r) \, \mathrm{d}r &= \int \mathrm{d}r_{\mathrm{i}} \, 4\pi r_{\mathrm{i}}^2 \rho_{\mathrm{i}}(r_{\mathrm{i}}) \\ &\times \int \mathrm{d}^3 \vec{v}_{\mathrm{i}} f(\vec{v}_{\mathrm{i}}) \frac{2\mathrm{d}t/\mathrm{d}r}{T_{\mathrm{orb}}} \, \mathrm{d}r \end{split}$$

• Strong dependence on initial velocity dispersion  $\sigma_i$  of DM particles

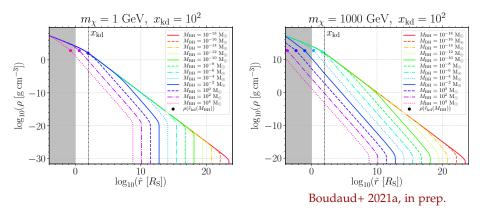


#### Eroshenko 2016

#### Wrong assumption in some previous studies

- *r* corresponds to pericenter or apocenter of the orbit
- $\Rightarrow$  cuts off significant portion of parameter space
- $\Rightarrow$  underestimated profile for large BH masses

## Mini-spike profiles

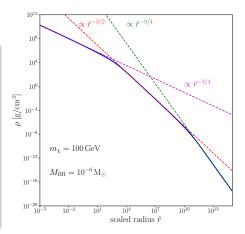


- Slope -3/2 for light BHs, -9/4 for heavy BHs and both in intermediate regime + slope -3/4 at the center
- More complex behavior than simple power laws
- Strong dependence on  $M_{\rm BH}$ ,  $m_{\chi}$  and  $x_{\rm kd} \equiv m_{\chi}/T_{\rm kd}$
- Truncation for annihilating DM

### Physical origin of the various slopes

#### **Qualitative explanations**

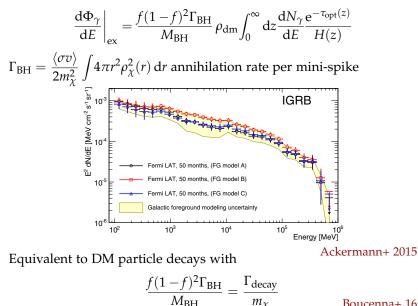
- −9/4: Very small initial velocity dispersion of DM particles
   ⇒ radial orbits
- -3/2: Related to the fraction of DM particles above escape speed
- -3/4: Connected to direction of initial velocity



Boudaud+ 2021a, in prep.

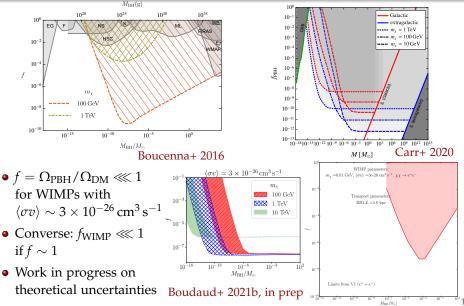
### **Constraints from isotropic** $\gamma$ -ray background (IGRB)

DM-induced extragalactic  $\gamma$ -ray flux



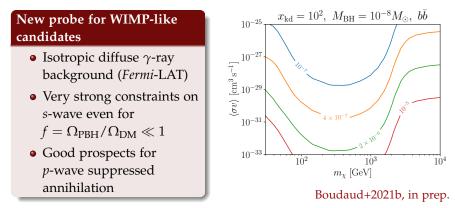
Boucenna+ 16

# Limits on PBH fraction assuming the WIMP scenario from IGRB and CRs



## New probe of annihilating DM beyond WIMPs

Constraining annihilation cross section for given PBH fraction  $\Rightarrow$  probe very weakly annihilating DM



Connection with concrete PBH models?

### Conclusion

#### Particle DM mini-spikes around PBHs

- More complex density profiles than simple power laws
- Fully driven by properties of PBHs and DM particles
- Comparison with simulations? Need to extend study on stellar mass range (Adamek+ 19) to other masses

#### Signatures

- Concrete model for PBH "dresses" (Kavanagh+ 2018)
  - $\rightarrow$  GW signatures of mini-spike mergers?
  - $\rightarrow$  Impact on CMB constraints?
- Go further than "all or nothing" conclusion with γ-rays/CRs
   → new probe of very weakly annihilating DM particles:
   *p*-wave? Feebly interacting massive particles (FIMPs)?
- Complementary constraints from Galactic CRs to probe lighter particle DM candidates

## Thank you for your attention!