

Recombination exercises

1 Warmups

- a) Run RECFast++ (with/without correction function) and COSMOREC for $\Omega_c = 0.216$, $\Omega_b = 0.044$, $\Omega_k = 0$, $T_0 = 2.726 \text{ K}$, $h = 0.7$, $Y_p = 0.24$ and $N_{\text{eff}} = 3.046$ (default run-mode settings otherwise). Plot the resulting free electron fraction, X_e , and their relative difference, $\Delta X_e / X_e$, (COSMOREC & RECFast++ with correction function relative to RECFast++ without correction function) as a function of redshift for $z = [0, 3000]$. [Hint: make sure to interpolate the solutions to a common grid if you compute relative differences between datasets]
- b) Repeat a) but set $\Omega_b = 0.02$. Are the differences between RECFast++ and COSMOREC relevant? Any idea what the main cause for the difference is?
- c) Repeat a) but set $Y_p = 0.1$. Are the differences between RECFast++ and COSMOREC relevant? Any idea what the main cause for the difference is?

2 Exploring some standard COSMOREC options

- a) Run COSMOREC for the cosmology given in 1a) and change the effective number of shells that is included for the hydrogen atom. Plot the free electron fraction, X_e , for $n_{\text{eff}} = \{20, 100, 500\}$ and briefly explain the physical reason for the differences in the freeze-out tail.
- b) Plot the relative difference in the free electron fraction when including (i) stimulated 2s-1s transitions, (ii) the 1s-2s feedback effect and (iii) both effects. Do you understand the physics behind the differences?
- c) Plot the free electron fraction around helium recombination ($z = [1500, 3000]$) for (i) default case, (ii) the spin-forbidden lines off, (iii) feedback among the helium lines included and (iv) feedback among the helium lines included but without HI absorption between lines.

3 Exploring some non-standard COSMOREC features

- a) The heart of the COSMOREC radiative transfer module for hydrogen resides in the directory `./PDE_Problem/` with the driver `./PDE_Problem/Solve_PDEs.cpp`. Can you plot the high frequency distortion at a few redshifts ($x^3 \Delta n$ as a function of x is fine)? Does the figure make sense to you? Can you change the number of outputs in redshift and the frequency resolution?

- b) What about the 2s-1s two-photon profile? Do you know how to access it? Also, how about the 5d-1s two-photon profile and the 4s-1s Raman profile? [*Hint: have a closer look at `./PDE_Problem/Solve_PDEs.cpp` and be clever with uncommenting things. Also, make sure you included enough hydrogen shells*]
- c) The main setup for the hydrogen and helium atom models can be found in `./Modules/HI_routines.cpp` and `./Modules/He_routines.cpp`, respectively. If you were interested in atomic transition rates and recombination rates for certain levels, this would be a good place to start. Can you setup a 30-shell hydrogen atom (make it 100 if you are brave) and compute the vacuum dipole transition rate for $(27, 5) \rightarrow (22, 4)$? How about the recombination rates for $T_e = 3500$ K in a blackbody radiation field at $T_\gamma = 3000$ K to each of these levels? Why does T_γ enter the problem? [*Hint: if you want to know how to access those rates check the `./Development/Hydrogenic/Atom.h` header-file. The recombination rate setup also has to be activated*]

4 Dark matter annihilation and decay with COSMOREC

- a) Run COSMOREC switching the annihilation efficiency to $f_{\text{ann}} = 10^{-23} \text{ eV s}^{-1}$. Illustrate the effect on the free electron fraction. What happens when you set a high annihilation rate $f_{\text{ann}} = 10^{-22} \text{ eV s}^{-1}$? Any idea how to solve the problem?
- b) Repeat a) but using RECFast++ and compare the results. How large are the effects for $f_{\text{ann}} = 10^{-22} \text{ eV s}^{-1}$?
- c) The dark matter annihilation terms are defined in the file `./Modules/DM_annihilation.cpp`. Can you modify the code to include decaying particles instead? Argue why the effective heating rate for decaying particles can be parametrized as $dE/dt = f_X \Gamma_X N_H(z) e^{-\Gamma_X t}$, where $\Gamma_X = 1/t(z_X)$ sets the lifetime of the particle and f_X the energy-release efficiency. Plot the free electron fraction for some reasonable values of f_X (estimate the best values or try a bit starting really small) and $z_X = 900$. [*Hint: you will need the function `cosmos.t(z)` from the Cosmology-object to obtain the cosmological time as a function of redshift*]
- d) Plot the final shape of the high frequency distortion for the decaying particle model of 4c) and dark matter annihilation with $f_{\text{ann}} = 5 \times 10^{-23} \text{ eV s}^{-1}$. Do you understand the differences?